

biomarkers in breast cancer (prognostic, predictive and pharmacodynamic)

45P Cost-effectiveness analysis of VEGF-A testing to predict response to bevacizumab (BEV) as a component of neo-adjuvant therapy of early HER-2 negative breast cancer

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Background: The effect of BEV to neo-adjuvant chemotherapy is modest in unselected HER2-negative (HER2-) breast cancer (BC) patients. VEGF-A has been suggested as a predictor for response to neoadjuvant BEV. We estimated the cost-effectiveness of using VEGF-A testing and corresponding treatment strategies in the neoadjuvant treatment of hormone receptor (estrogen or progesterone) positive (HR+), HER2- BC.

Methods: Using a life-long Markov state transition model, we determined the health economic impact and incremental cost-effectiveness ratio (ICER) of VEGF-A guided use of BEV therapy. Six alternative strategies were compared (four different VEGF-A cut-off values; two implying the use of BEV in no or all patients. Overall and metastasis-free survival information was derived from GeparQuinto (n = 830) trial

(EudraCT No: 2006-005834-19). Effectiveness was assessed as quality-adjusted life-years (QALYs). Costs (in EUR, year 2013) were assessed from a German third-party payer perspective.

Results: Lifetime costs per patient ranged from EUR 37'042 (reference strategy; no BEV) to EUR 78'367 (BEV to all). No BEV therapy yielded 14.031 QALYs per patient. The VEGF-A guided strategies achieved between 14.220 (cut-off 450 pg/mL) and 14.235 (cut-off 339 pg/mL) QALYs. In comparison with no BEV therapy, the most preferable strategy (cut-off 450 pg/mL) yielded additional costs of 11'191 EUR and 0.189 QALYs per patient (ICER 59'161 EUR/QALY) (Tab 1, only undominated strategies shown). Results remained robust in deterministic sensitivity analyses.

Conclusion: Our study suggests that VEGF-A testing could be sensibly used to guide the neo-adjuvant administration of BEV in HR+ HER2- BC. Compared to not using BEV, the use of a cut-off value of 450 pg/mL might be cost-effective in Germany. Tab 1

Table: 45P

| | Cost (EUR) | Incremental Cost (EUR) | QALY | Incremental effect (QALY) | ICER (EUR/QALY) |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| No test, no BEV | 37'042 | | 14,031 | | |
| VEGF-A 450 | 48'233 | 11'191 | 14,220 | 0,189 | 59'161 (vs. reference) |
| VEGF-A 400 | 50380 | 1'338 | 14,230 | 0,199 | 227'344 (vs. VEGF-A 450) |
| VEGF-A 339 | 54'061 | 17'019 | 14,235 | 0,204 | 673'769 (vs. VEGF-A 400) |

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